



TIGER FAMILY



- 6-digit, 0.56" (14.2 mm) Alphanumeric Display
- 1/8 DIN Case
- 3-button Front Panel Operation
- Intuitive Scrolling Text Configuration Menus

Optional Custom Faceplate Optional Green LED Display Optional Membrane Touch-Pad buttons

TEXMATE

LVDT200

Dual LVDT Controllers

Optimize performance and linearity. Select the correct frequency for your sensor

Introduction

The LVDT200 Series are accurate, high performance, programmable dual channel controllers that deliver precise measurement and control for applications using LVDT (Linear Variable Differential Transformer) inputs.

The 6-digit alphanumeric LED display provides easy to follow setup prompts for all LVDT parameters using the following intuitive scrolling text configuration menus.

Input setup mode

- 50 or 60 Hz supply frequency.
- Excitation frequencies:
 - 50 Hz:** 1.2, 1.6, 2.4, 3.2, 4.8, 6.4, 8.0, 9.6 kHz excitation.
 - 60 Hz:** 1.44, 1.92, 2.88, 3.84, 5.76, 7.68, 9.60, 11.52 kHz excitation.
- Update rates: 1, 4, 10, or 20 readings per second.
- Independent decimal point position setting for each channel display with resolution to 0.00001 of any engineering unit.

Calibration mode

- Independent calibration for each channel:
 - Auto Calibration:** 2-point zero and span setting.
 - Offset Trim:** Independently trim the zero setting or enter an offset value.
 - Span Trim:** Independently trim the span setting.

Analog output mode

- Zero setting.
- Full scale setting.

Setpoints mode

- Four independently configured setpoints with above and below setpoint value actuation.

Relay

Standard : Four 4 amp relays.

Analog Output

Standard: Fully scalable from 0/4 to 20 mA (or reverse).

Options: Single 0 to 10 V DC (or reverse) or dual 10–0–10 V DC.

Advanced Functions

A range of built-in measurement and control functions are available with the LVDT200 Series controllers' resident operating system that can also be programmed from the front panel. These include:

- **Linearization.** Up to four 32-point flexible linearization tables or a single 125-point flexible table.
- **Serial Communications.** Optional single ASCII or Ethernet (TCP/IP) outputs.
- **Differential Measurement.** Differential measurement and cross channel maths available (A+B, A–B, AxB, A/B).

Specifications

General

Digital Display: 14-segment alphanumeric, 0.56" (14.2 mm) LEDs.

Display Color: Red (standard). Green or Super-bright Red (optional).

Display Range: -199999 to 999999.

Display Update Rate: 1, 4, 10, or 20 times per second.

Display Dimming: 8 brightness levels. Front panel selectable.

Scrolling Display Text Messaging: Full alphanumeric text characters supported.

Polarity: Assumed positive. Displays – negative.

Annunciators: 6 red LEDs on front panel; one per setpoint.

Overrange Indication: **OVER**

Underrange Indication: **UNDR**

Front Panel Controls: PROGRAM, UP and DOWN buttons.

Power Supplies. Standard high voltage AC / DC power supply 85-265 V AC / 95-300 V DC, 50-400Hz, 2W nominal. or optional low voltage AC / DC power supply 14-48 V AC / 10-72 V DC.

Environmental

Operating Temperature: 0 to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F).

Storage Temperature: -20 °C to 70 °C (-4 °F to 158 °F).

Relative Humidity: 95% (non-condensing) at 40 °C (104 °F).

Mechanical

Case Dimensions: 1/8 DIN, 96x48 mm (3.78" x 1.89").

Case Depth: 137 mm maximum (5.39").

Case Material: 94V-0 UL rated self-extinguishing polycarbonate.

Weight: 11.5 oz (0.79 lbs), 14 oz (0.96 lbs) when packed.

Approvals

UL: E469078

Input Module ISL1

Excitation Voltage: 3 V RMS sine wave, zero DC component THD <2% (1.2 kHz).

Excitation Frequency: x 16 selectable frequencies available (1.2 kHz to 11.5 kHz). Crystal locked, software driven.

Temperature Coefficient: ± 50 ppm/°C of full scale (typical).

Dual LVDT Inputs: 30 kΩ input impedance. Synchronous demodulation of excitation carrier. >130 db rejection of excitation carrier.

Frequency Response: 500 Hz (–3 db) low-pass filter.

Analog to Digital: Dual channel ΣΔ A/D converter approaching 19-bit resolution. Ratiometric operation relative to excitation voltage magnitude.

Dual Output Rates: Rapid and average response outputs. 1 Hz, 2 Hz, 10 Hz, 20 Hz averaged.

Line Frequency Rejection: 50 / 60 Hz noise rejection.

Relay Output Modules

Plug into carrier board from rear:

1. Four Relay Module: Available with four 5 A Form A Relays*.

***Form A Relay Specifications:** 5 A 240 VAC, 4 A 24 VDC. Isolation 3000 V. UL and CSA listed.

2. Two Solid State Relay (SSR) Module: Available with two independent (210 mA DC only) or (140 mA AC/DC) SSRs (400 V max).

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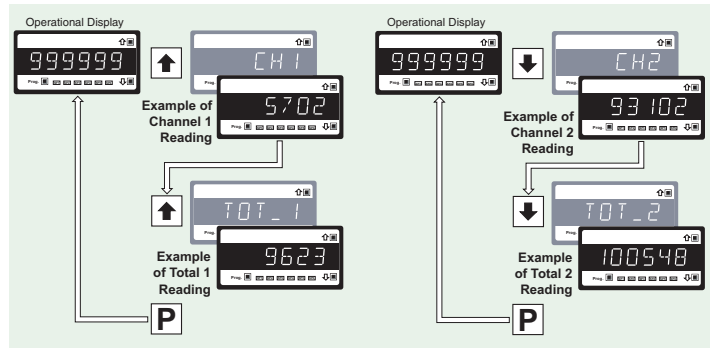
Intuitive Scrolling Text Menus

After the controller has been powered up, the display settles and indicates the input signal calibrated value. This is known as the operational mode and is generally referred to as the throughout this document.

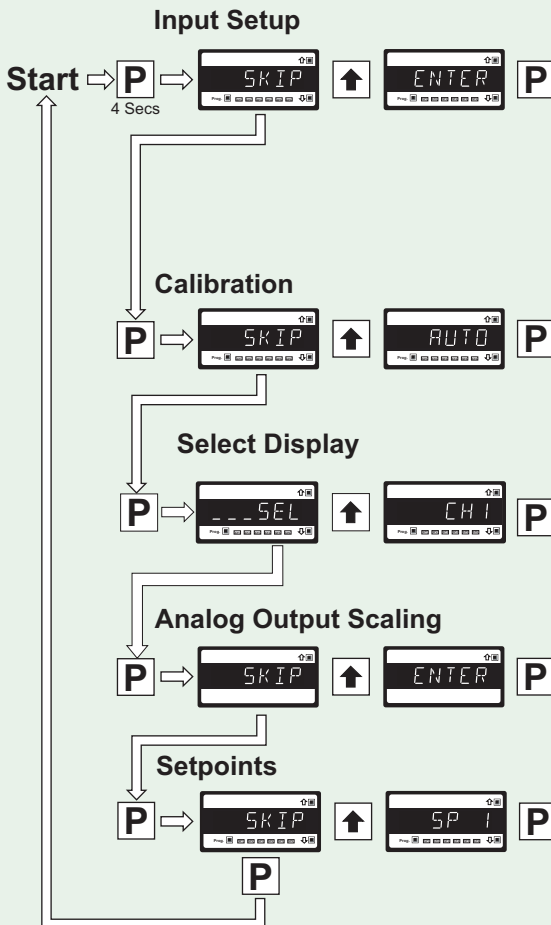
Intuitive scrolling text menus provide quick access to a range of configuration modes for easy LVDT sensor application setup. The below describes the configuration menus.

View Modes

The view modes allow easy viewing of the second channel reading plus total 1 and total 2 if required.



Configuration Menus Logic Tree



Takes you into Input Setup mode and provides selection for:

- Supply frequency: 50 or 60 Hz.
- One of eight excitation settings for either 50 or 60 Hz.
- One of four output rates.
- Independent decimal point position for channels 1 and 2.

See Page 3

Takes you into Calibration mode and provides selection for:

- Either channel 1 or channel 2 for calibration.
- 2-point auto calibration for zero and span.
- Manual trim for zero offset.
- Manual trim for span.

See Page 4

Allows you to change the displayed value:

- Select either CH1, CH2, CH1+CH2 or CH1-CH2.

See Page 4

Takes you into Analog Output Scaling mode and provides:

A menu that allows you to set zero and full scale analog output calibration settings.

See Page 5

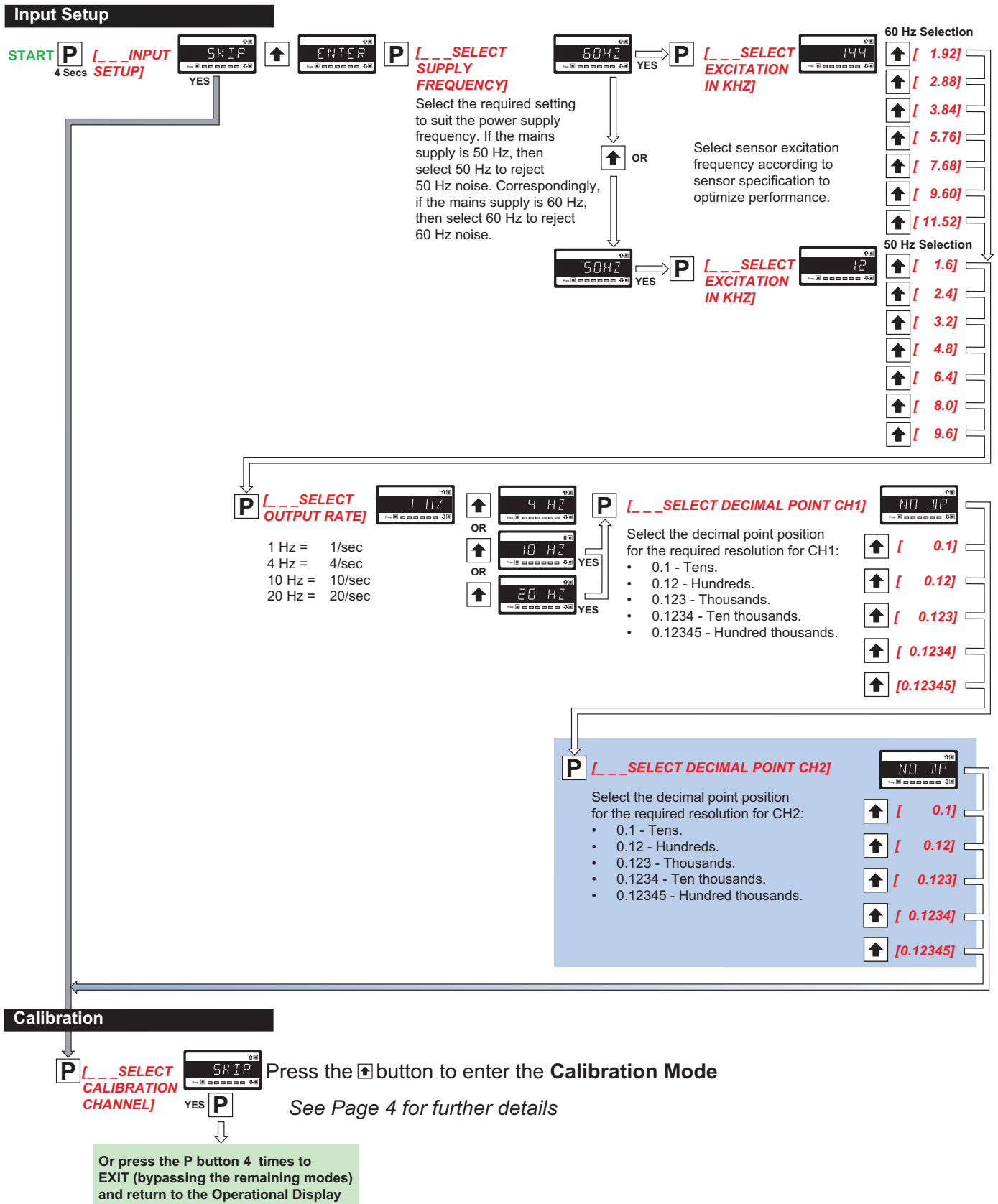
Takes you into Setpoint mode and provides:

- Selection of individual setpoints SP1 to SP4.
- Setting of individual setpoint source.
- Setting of individual setpoint activation value.
- Setting of individual setpoint activation ABOVE or BELOW.

See Page 6

Input Setup

The **input setup** mode allows you to configure five input setup settings in linked menus.



Calibration

The calibration mode provides four individual calibration techniques.

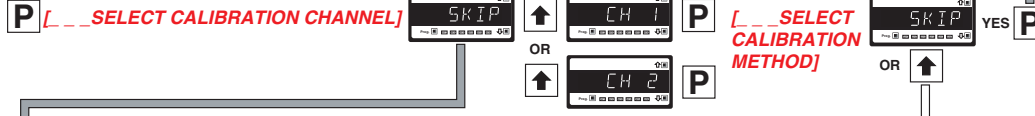
Input Setup



Press the button to enter the Input Setup mode

See Page 3 for further details

Calibration



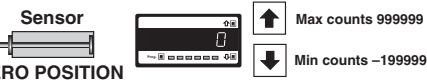
Must bring sensor to NULL position before calibrating.

Adjust the LVDT core until the LVDT output is zero.

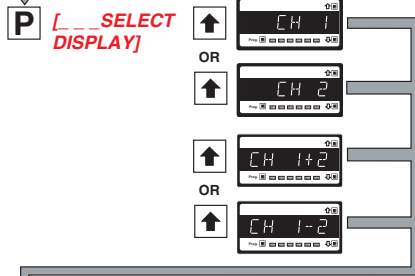
This is a dual zero and span calibration procedure.

Adjust the sensor to the known zero position. Adjust the display value using the buttons. Press the P button to accept the sensor's new zero position.

Choose (CH1) to display the LVDT 1 position, (CH2) to display the LVDT 2 position, (CH 1+2) to display the sum of LVDTs 1 and 2, or (CH 1-2) to display the difference of LVDTs 1 and 2.



Select Display

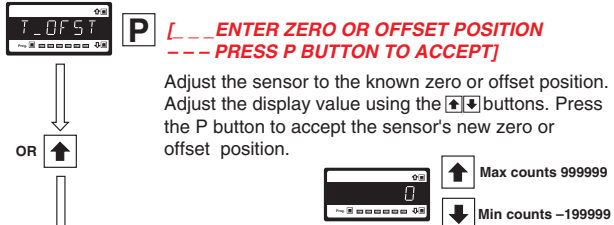


Adjust the sensor to the known span position. Adjust the display value using the buttons. Press the P button to accept the sensor's new span position.



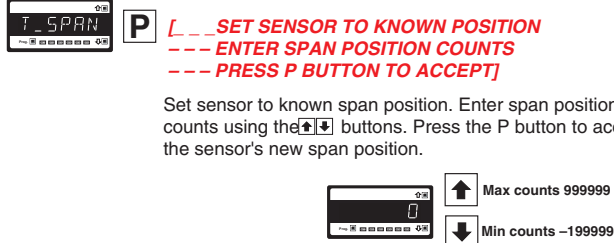
This calibration technique allows you to independently trim the zero setting, or enter an offset value without altering the calibrated span range.

Adjust the sensor to the known zero or offset position. Adjust the display value using the buttons. Press the P button to accept the sensor's new zero or offset position.



This calibration technique allows you to independently trim the span setting without altering zero position.

Set sensor to known span position. Enter span position counts using the buttons. Press the P button to accept the sensor's new span position.



Note, when trimming the span value, the zero offset value is automatically recalculated and adjusted for the new scale factor.

Analog Output



Press the button to enter the Analog Output mode

See Page 5 for further details

Or press the P button 2 times to EXIT (bypassing the remaining modes) and return to the Operational Display

Analog Output Scaling

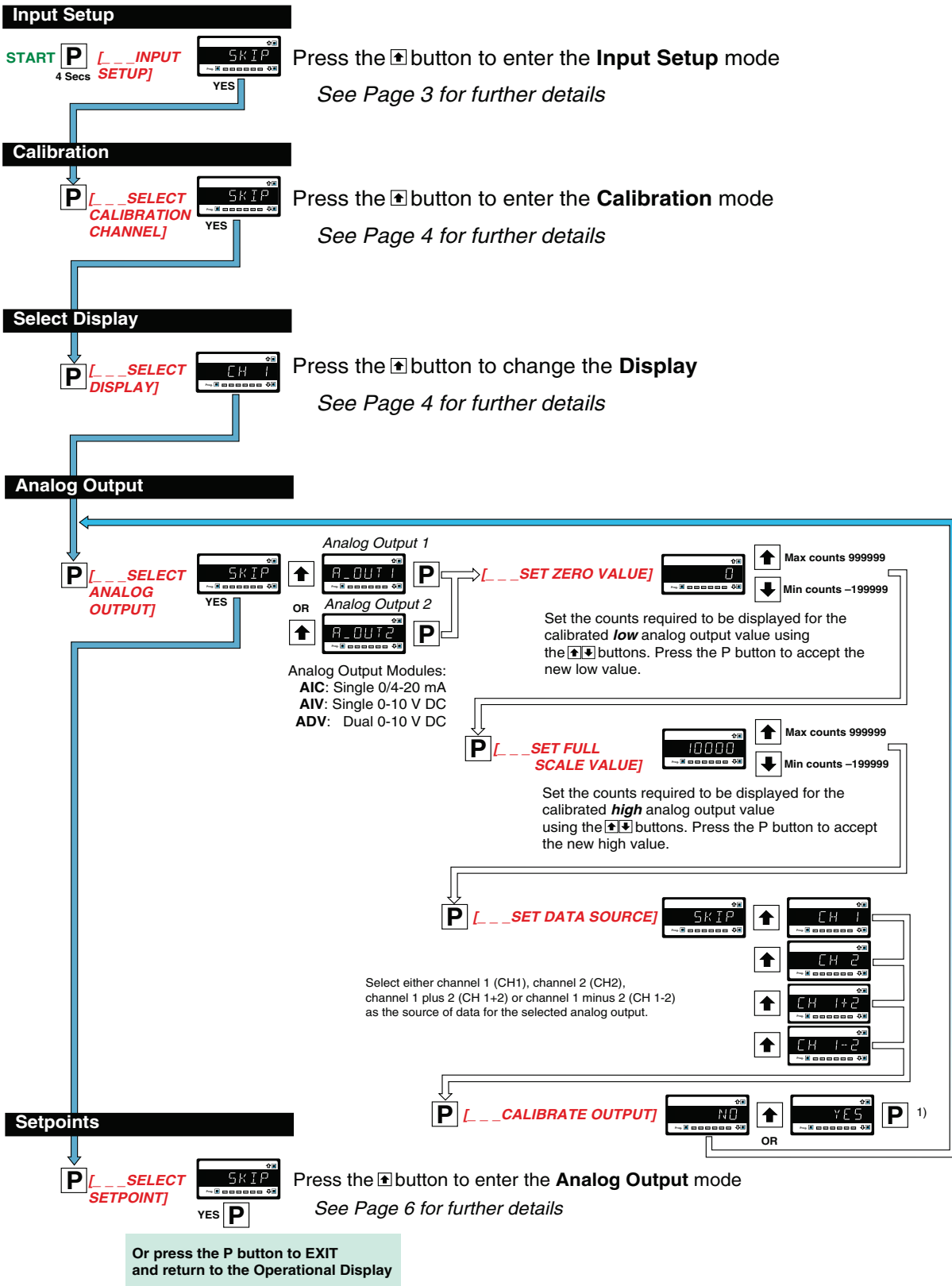
The analog output module is a standard single channel, programmable, isolated, 16-bit analog output that can be scaled to any desired span between -199999 to 999999 display counts using the .

Optional single channel 0-10 V DC and dual channel 10-0-10 V DC analog output modules are also available.

See **Analog Output Procedures** for an analog output scaling procedure.

- 1) See **Analog Output Procedures** for an analog output signal calibration procedure.

See **Analog Output Procedures** for a current / voltage selection header positioning procedure.



Setpoints

The **setpoint** mode provides settings for six individual setpoints.

Input Setup

START **P** [___INPUT SETUP] **SKIP**
4 Secs YES
Press the **↑** button to enter the **Input Setup** mode
See Page 3 for further details

Calibration

P [___SELECT CALIBRATION CHANNEL] **SKIP**
YES
Press the **↑** button to enter the **Calibration** mode
See Page 4 for further details

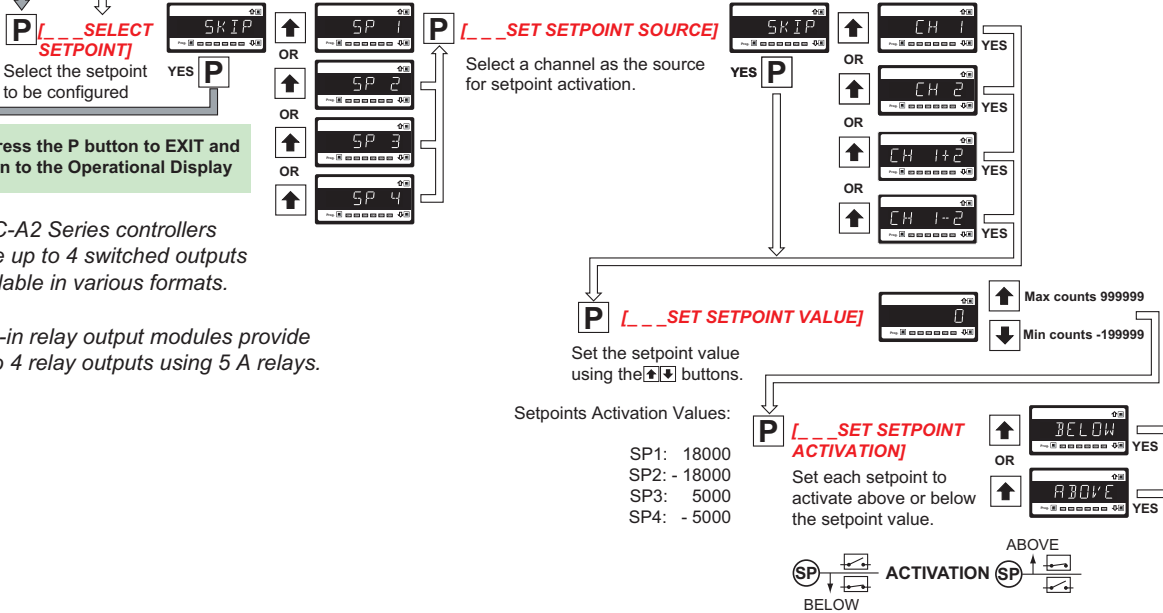
Select Display

P [___SELECT DISPLAY] **CH 1**
Press the **↑** button to change the **Display**
See Page 4 for further details

Analog Output

P [___SELECT ANALOG OUTPUT] **SKIP**
YES **P**
Press the **↑** button to enter the **Analog Output** mode
See Page 5 for further details

Setpoints



Calibration Mode Zero Options

NULL

The NULL position allows the user to adjust the LVDT core until the LVDT output is zero. The sensor must be brought to NULL position before calibrating.

The controller has been programmed with a **and** function that operates on the selected primary display reading only.

The **function** is used to zero the display. Display zero is initiated from a remote switch (not supplied) connected across the **and** pins at the rear of the controller (Terminal 2: Pin 4 Common, Pin 2 Hold).

The **function** is used to restore the true calibrated value on the

display. Reset display value is initiated from a remote switch connected across the **and** pins at the rear of the controller (Terminal 2: Pin 4 Common, Pin 1 Lock).

The display zero value and reset display value are not retained during a power outage.

The display zero and reset display value functions are often used for cut, measure, and trim applications.

Analog Output Scaling and Calibration Example

In this example the analog output signal is scaled over a range of 50 to 30,000 counts. The analog output is then calibrated for a 0 to 10 V DC output.

Note:

In **Steps 11 to 19**, the analog output may be calibrated to other ranges such as 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA. For current output the header on the analog output module has to be moved to the **CURRENT** position.

See the drawing on Page 8 on how to change the analog output from voltage (default) to a current output.

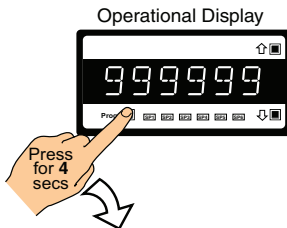
- 1) Connect a multimeter to the analog output connector at the rear of the meter (Terminal 4: Pin 3 positive, Pin 2 negative).
- 2) Make sure the multimeter is set to read the appropriate signal type: volts or milliamps.
- 3) Carry out the analog output scaling procedure to set zero and full scale settings.
- 4) If required, carry out the analog output calibration procedure to calibrate the milliamp (or voltage) output low and high settings.

Scaling the Analog Output Signal

START HERE

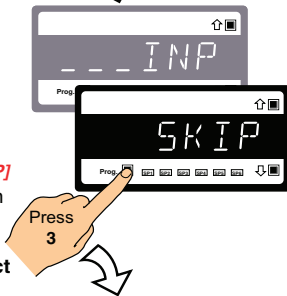
Step 1

Enter the Configuration Menus



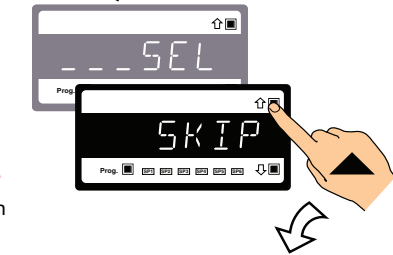
Step 2

Display scrolls [--- INPUT SETUP] Press the [P] button three times to skip the Calibration and Display Select modes enter the Analog Output mode



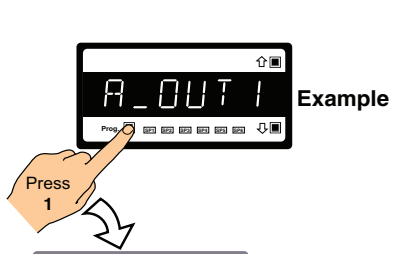
Step 3

Display scrolls [--- SELECT ANALOG OUTPUT] Press the [↑] button once to enter Analog Output 1 or twice to enter Analog Output 2



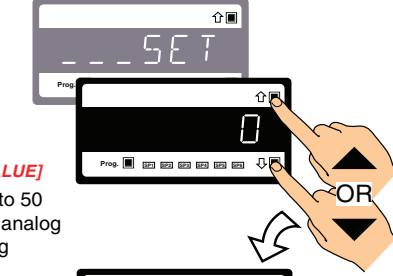
Step 4

Confirm Analog Output Selection.



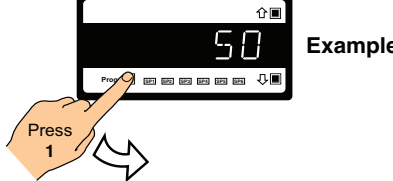
Step 5

Display scrolls [--- SET ZERO VALUE] Adjust the display to 50 counts for the low analog output scale setting



Step 6

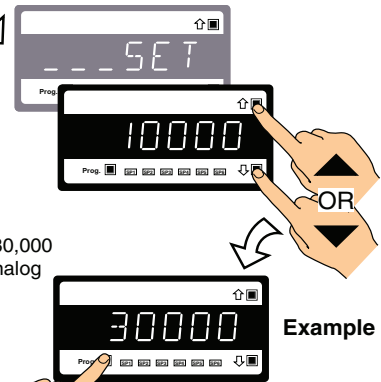
Accept the new low value



From Step 6

Step 7

Display scrolls [--- SET FULL SCALE VALUE] Adjust the display to 30,000 counts for the high analog output scale setting



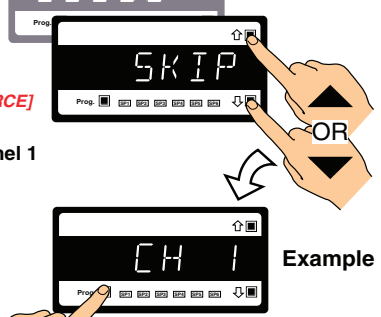
Step 8

Accept the new high value



Step 9

Display scrolls [--- SET DATA SOURCE] Press the [↑] button once to select Channel 1 or twice to select Channel 2



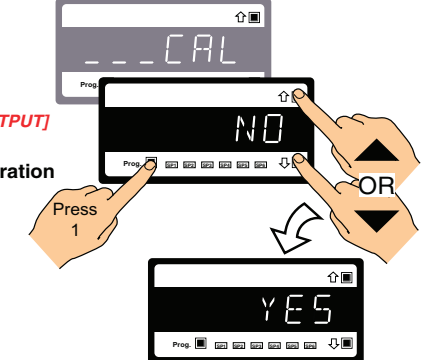
Step 10

Accept the new data source setting.



Step 11

Display scrolls [--- CALIBRATE OUTPUT] Press the [P] button to skip Output Calibration and return to Step 3. Press the [P] button twice to return to the Operational Display

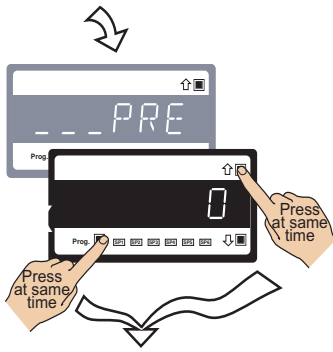


To Step 7

The calibration of the Analog Output is continued on page 8

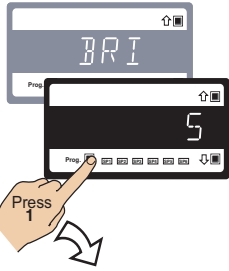
Step 12

Display scrolls
[**PRESS P AND UP**]
Press **P** and **↑**
buttons at the
same time



Step 13

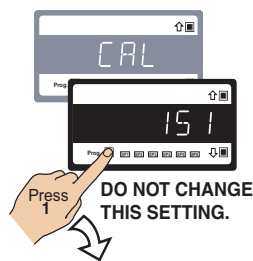
Press **P** to enter the
Calibration menu



Step 14

With DMC-A2 Series connected
to a multimeter, DMC-A2 Series
displays [CAL] [151]. This
is the setting for **analog
output 1** ([CAL] [152]) for
analog output 2).

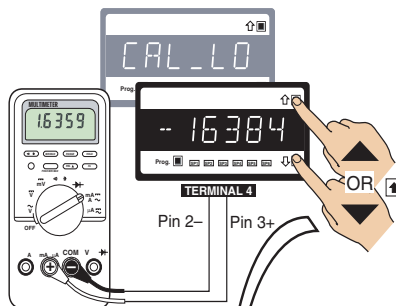
Press **P** to start the
calibration procedure



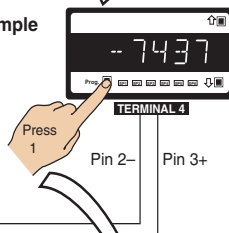
Step 15

Ensure the **low** analog
output signal reading
[CAL_LO] on the
multimeter display
is 0.00 V DC.

If not correct, press
the **↑** or **↓** button on
DMC-A2 Series until
the reading on the
multi meter display
is correct.



Example



Step 16

Press **P** to save the
low analog output
signal setting. Enter
analog output **high**

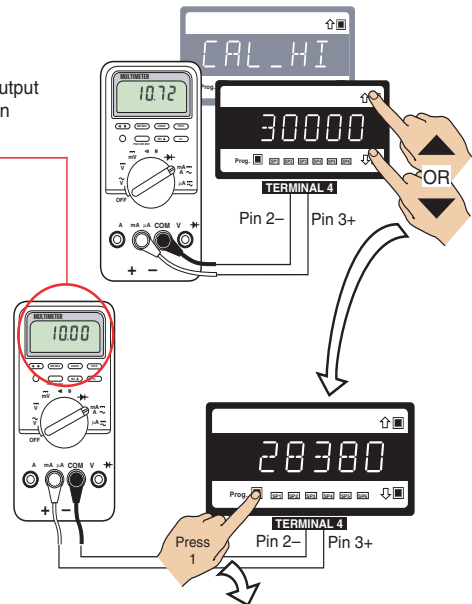
From Step 16

To
Step
17

Step 17

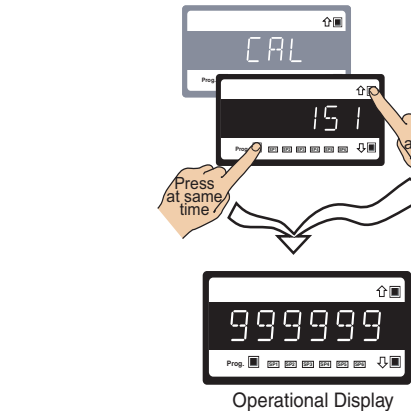
Ensure the **high** analog output
signal reading [CAL_HI] on
the multimeter display is
10.00 V DC.

If not 10.00 V DC, press
the **OR** button on
DMC-A2 Series until the
reading on the multimeter
display is correct.



Step 18

Press **P** button
to leave the CAL
menu

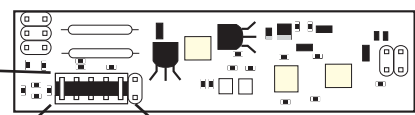


Step 19

Press **P** and **↑** buttons at
the same time to return to
the operational display

Analog Output Module PCB

Current or
Voltage
Selection
Header



CURRENT Position VOLTAGE Position

Available in Single (0-4-20mA or 0-10V) or Dual (0-10V & 0-10V)

To change the analog output from voltage to current output,
remove the PCB from the case.
Identify the Analog Output module which is soldered on to the top
carrier board.
Move the V/I selection header on the analog output module from
the voltage position (default) to the current position .

Input Signal Setup Procedures

Technical Description

This input is a smart input module designed to drive and condition the signals from two LVDT transducers. The module contains two high-speed microcontrollers and a SD 16-bit dual channel A/D converter. It communicates with the selected controller via the I²C data bus. One of the microcontrollers generates the sine wave for the LVDT excitation frequency. These frequencies are produced as multiples of the line frequency (either 50 Hz or 60 Hz). Up to 16 frequencies are available and are selected using the controller setup. The output to the primary coil of both LVDTs is a 3 V RMS sine wave. The received LVDT signals are synchronously demodulated and filtered to remove the carrier frequency. The $\Sigma \Delta$ 16-bit A/D converter has over 130 dB noise rejection at the excitation frequencies and is capable of 40 Hz averaged output on 45 samples.

Two open collector NPN transistors are available as high-speed controlled outputs. The controller setpoint SP5 controls output CONTROL 1 and SP6 and controls output CONTROL 2.

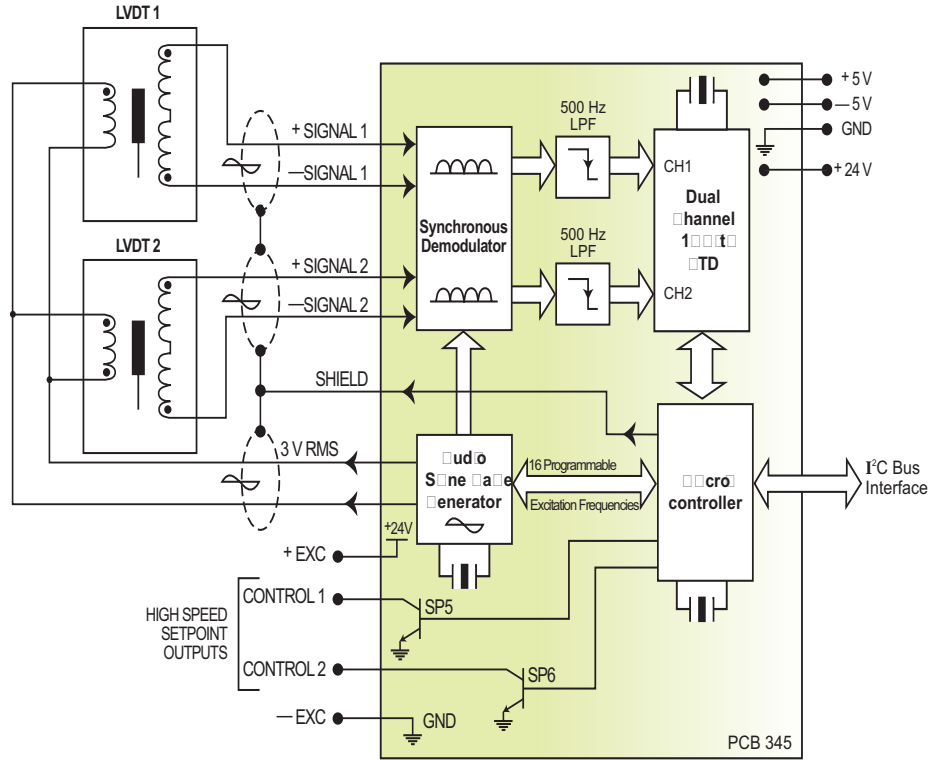


Figure 2 – ISL1 LVDT Functional Schematic

Example Connection Diagram

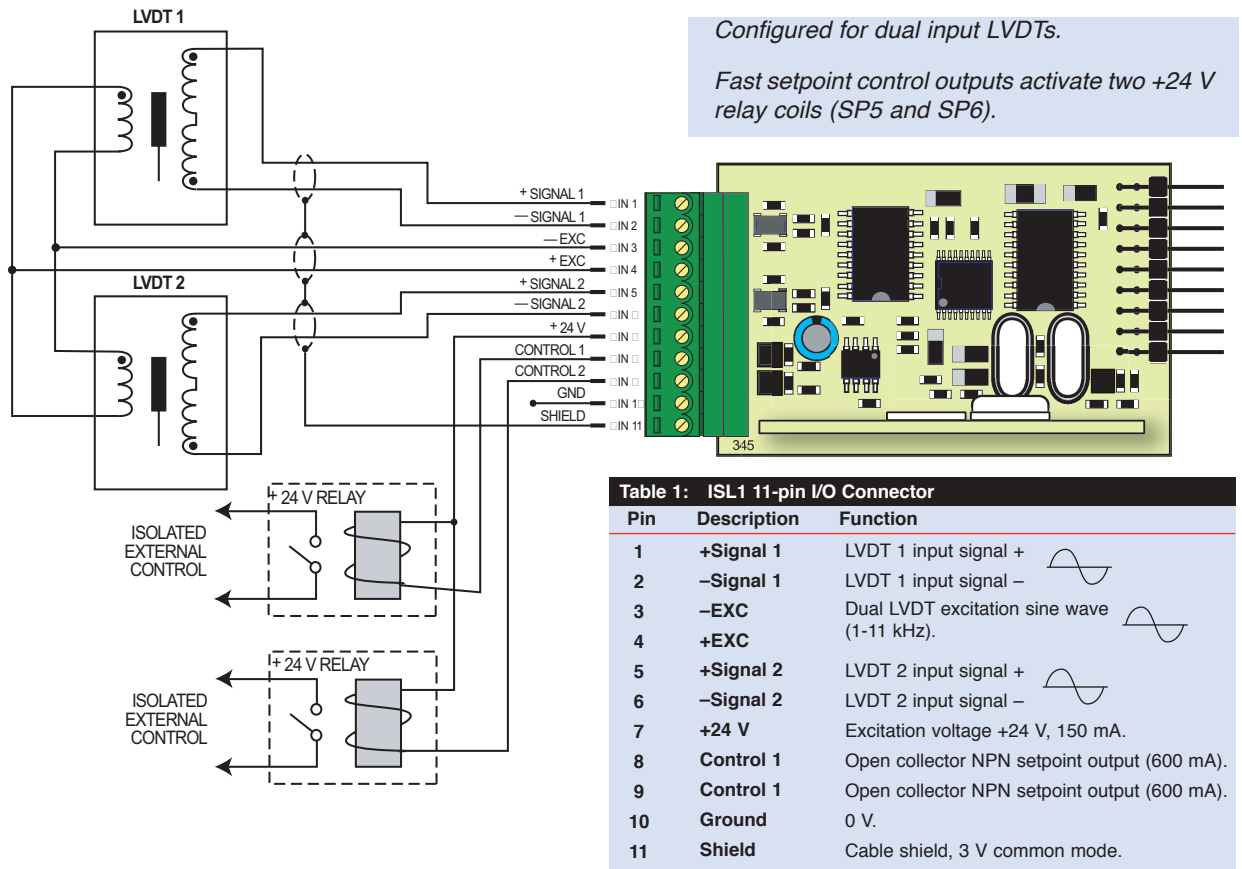


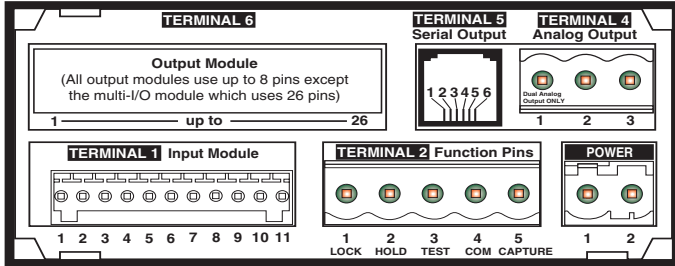
Figure 3 – Example Connection Configured for Dual LVDT Inputs and Two Relay Outputs

Connector Pinouts

All external connections to the LVDT200 Series are via the following six connector terminal blocks located at the rear of the controller:

- Terminal 1: Input Signals.
- Terminal 2: Function Pins.
- Power: AC / DC Power Supply.
- Terminal 4: Analog Output.
- Terminal 5: Serial Output.
- Terminal 6: Relay Output or Multi-I/O Module.

LVDT200 Series use plug-in type screw terminal connectors for most input and output connections, an RJ-11 phone connector for the RS-232 serial output and an RJ-45 phone connector for the optional Ethernet output.



WARNING: AC and DC input signals and power supply voltages can be hazardous. Do not connect live wires to screw terminal plugs, and do not insert, remove, or handle screw terminal plugs with live wires connected.

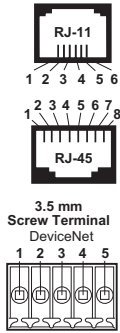
Figure 4 – Rear Panel Pinout Diagram

Connector	Pin	Name	Description
TERMINAL 1 Input Signals Pins 1 up to 11	1	+ Signal 1	Input Module ISL1
	2	- Signal 1	
	3	-Excitation	
	4	+Excitation	
	5	+ Signal 2	
	6	- Signal 2	
	7	+ 24 V	
	8	Control 1	
	9	Control 2	
	10	Ground	
	11	Shield	
TERMINAL 2 Function Pins Pins 1 to 5	1	Reset Display Value (Lock)	By connecting Pin 1 (lock) to Pin 4 (common) with a remote spring-return switch restores the display to the true calibrated value.
	2	Display Zero (Hold)	By connecting Pin 2 (hold) to Pin 4 (common) with a remote spring-return switch zeroes the display.
	3	Display Test and Reset	Pin 3 (display test and reset pin) provides a test of the controller's display and resets the microprocessor when Pin 3 is connected to Pin 4.
	4	Common	To activate the hold , test and reset , or lock pins from the rear of the controller, the respective pins have to be connected to the common pin.
	5	Manual Zero (Capture)	By connecting Pin 5 (capture) to Pin 4 (common) with a remote spring-return switch manually resets the calibrated zero.
For further details on the function pins, contact Texmate.			
POWER Auto Sensing AC / DC Power Supply Pins 1 and 2	1	AC Neutral / DC -	The power connector supplies AC / DC power to the controller via a standard high voltage or optional low voltage auto-sensing power supply mounted on the main board. PS1: Standard High Voltage option. 85-265 V AC / 95-370 V DC. PS2: Optional Low Voltage option. 14-48 V AC / 10-72 V DC.
	2	AC Line / DC +	

Connector	Pin	Name	Description
TERMINAL 4 Analog Outputs Pins 1 to 3	1	Positive (+)	Positive for Analog Output 2 (ADV – Dual 10–0–10 V DC modules only).
	2	Negative (–)	Negative for Analog Output 1 and 2.
	3	Positive (+)	Positive for Analog Output 1.

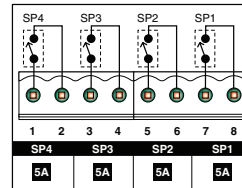
TERMINAL 5 Serial Outputs Pins 1 up to 8	TERMINAL 5 connects the serial output module to external devices.	Ethernet	The DeviceNET carrier board uses a 3.5 mm screw connector.
	The standard carrier board supports a single or dual RS-232 or RS-485 ASCII or Modbus serial card connected thru an RJ-11 socket.		

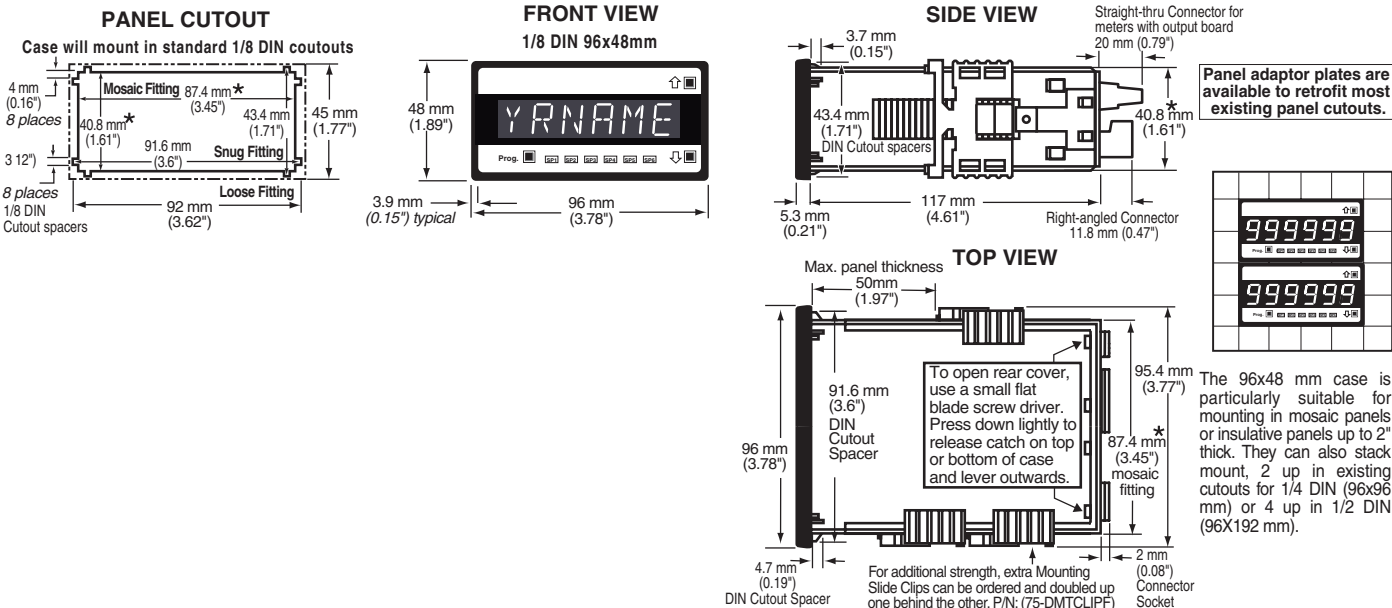
Pin No.	STANDARD CARRIER BOARD				ETHERNET CARRIER BOARD		DEVICENET CARRIER BOARD
	RS-232 (ASCII or Modbus) RJ-11 Socket		RS-485 (ASCII or Modbus) RJ-11 Socket		RJ-45 Socket (10/100 Base-T)		3.5 mm Pitch Screw Terminal
	Single Output	Dual Output	Single Output	Dual Output			
1	Reserved for future use	RXD1	Reserved for future use	B1	White/Orange	TXD+	Negative (–) 24 V
2	Isolated Ground	0 V	Isolated Ground	0 V	Orange	TXD–	Can – (negative)
3	+5 VDC to power external converters	0 V1	+5 VDC to power external converters	0 V1	White/Green	RXD+	N/C
4	TXD. Transmitted Serial	TXD	A (High)	A	Blue	–	Can + (positive)
5	RXD. Received Serial	RXD	B (Low)	B	White/Blue	–	Positive (+) 24 V
6	Reserved for future use	TXD1	Reserved for future use	A1	Green	RXD–	Not applicable
7	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	White/Brown	–	Not applicable
8	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Brown	–	Not applicable



TERMINAL 6 Relay Outputs	TERMINAL 6 connects electromechanical and solid state relays (SSRs) to external applications.	Depending on the number of relays, standard plug-in relay boards use up to 8 pins.

Relay Module	Normally Open SP4 Common SP4 Normally Open SP3 Common SP3 Normally Open SP2 Common SP2 Normally Open SP1 Common SP1
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Installation Procedure

WARNING
AC and DC power supply voltages are hazardous. Make sure the power supply is isolated before connecting to the meter.

STEP A Prepare the Panel

- 1) Cut a hole in the panel to suit the panel cutout. See panel cutout sizes above.

STEP B Install the Meter

- 1) Remove both mounting clips from the meter. ①
- 2) Push the meter into the panel cutout from the front of the panel. ②
- 3) Attach both mounting clips to the meter from the rear of the panel and push them towards the front of the panel until the meter is firmly held. ③

STEP C Connect the Cables

- 1) Connect all input and output signal cables to the connector pins (See *Connector Pinouts* for details).
- 2) Connect the power cables to the connector pins (See *Connector Pinouts* for details).

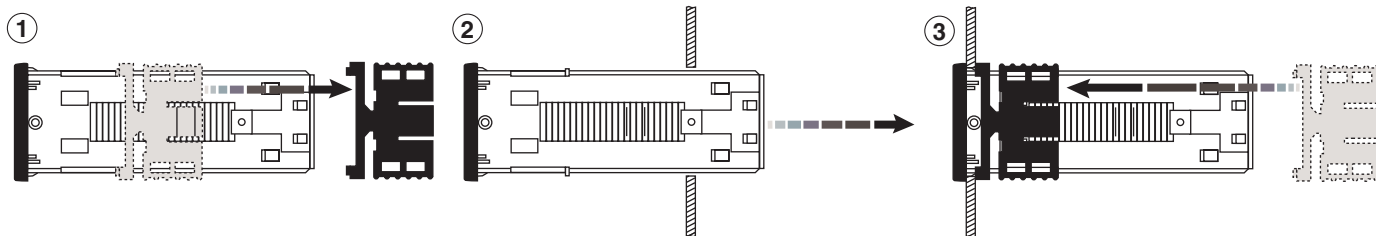


Figure 5 – LVDT200-100 Installation Sequence

Application Examples

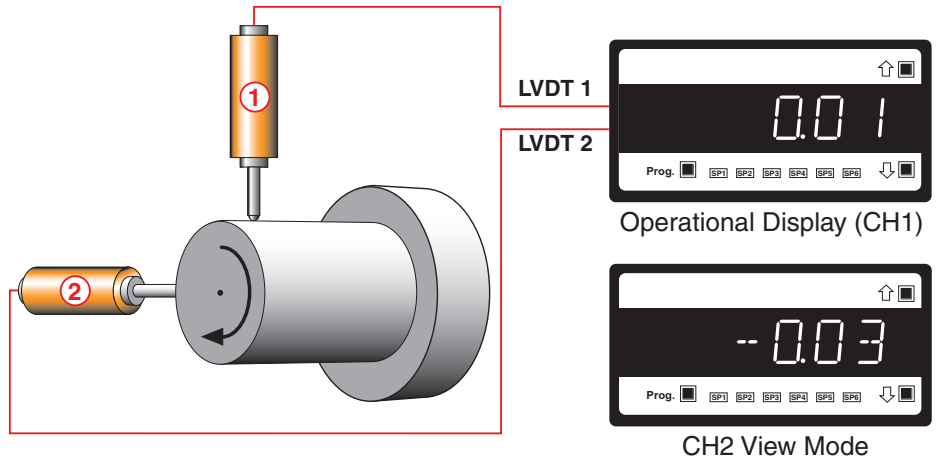
LVDT sensors can be applied in almost all engineering applications covering civil, mechanical, petrochemical, power generation, production, aerospace, defense, and much more.

They can be used on production lines to automatically gauge products for quality control and product sorting.

In the power generation and petrochemical industries they can be used, for example, as servo position feedback on actuated equipment such as valves and dampers, or for measuring turbine casing expansion.

Submersible units can be used in marine and offshore mining applications, sensors that meet military environmental standards have been applied to defense and aerospace applications.

Following are applications that show the versatility of the LVDT200 Series controller.



ALIGNMENT TOOL

Measured using two LVDT sensors at 90°

LVDT 1 to CH1 = Shown on Display

LVDT 2 to CH2 = Use View Mode to view CH2

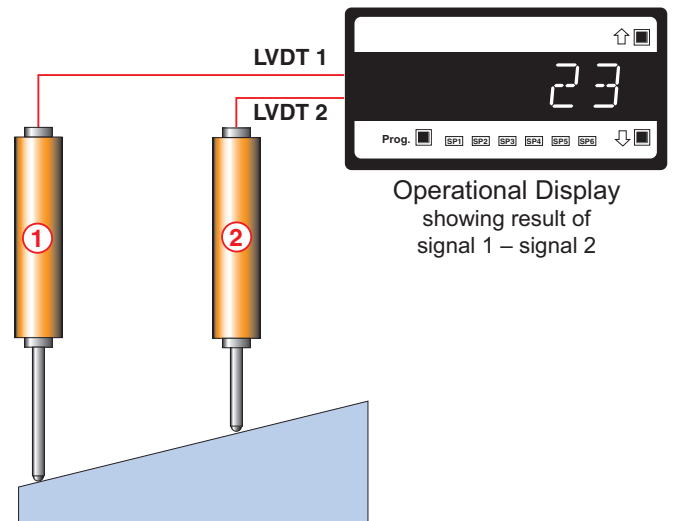
SLOPE INDEXING

Measured using two parallel LVDT sensors (1 – 2)

LVDT 1 minus LVDT 2 = Displayed Result

Note:

This is an advanced function and is configured in Code 1 of the main programming mode.



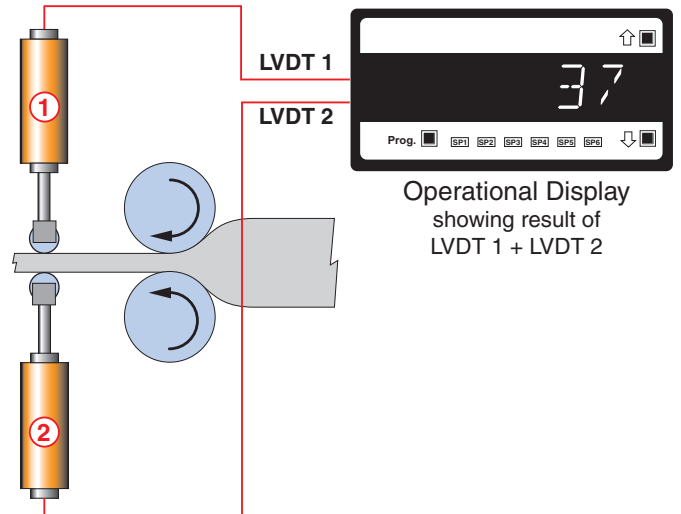
THICKNESS MONITORING

Measured using two opposed LVDT sensors (1 + 2)

LVDT 1 plus LVDT 2 = Displayed Result

Note:

This is an advanced function and is configured in Code 1 of the main programming mode.



Frequency Range:

Excitation Frequency:

LVDT Output Rate in kHz:

Decimal Point Position:

CH 1

CH 2

Standard Display:

Input Signal

CH 1

CH 2

Zero:

Span:

**Analog Output Signal
Calibration**

A_OUT1

A_OUT2

CAL_LO:

CAL_HI:

Scale Range

Zero:

Full Scale:

Setpoints

	Source	Value	Activation
SP1:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
SP2:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
SP3:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
SP4:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

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450 State Place • Escondido, CA 92029
Tel: 1-760-598-9899 • USA 1-800-839-6283 • That's 1-800-TEXMATE
Fax: 1-760-598-9828 • Email: orders@texmate.com • Web: www.texmate.com

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